The Year

Count from the beginning of creation: 5782

Secular years are counted BCE (Before the Common Era) and CE (Common Era)

The Month

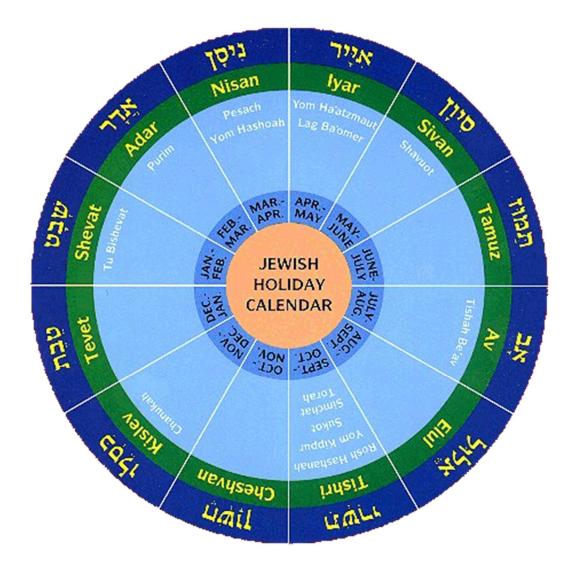
New moon = New month = Rosh Chodesh (a holiday that is special to women) Leap year requires adding a whole month 7 times every 19 years

The Week

Shabbat to Shabbat

The Day

There was evening, there was morning = a day



In the fourth century, Hillel II established a fixed calendar based on mathematical and astronomical calculations. This calendar, still in use, standardized the length of months and the addition of months over the course of a 19 year cycle, so that the lunar calendar realigns with the solar years. Adar I is added in the 3rd, 6th, 8th, 11th, 14th, 17th and 19th years of the cycle. The current cycle began in Jewish year 5758 (the year that began October 2, 1997). If you are musically inclined, you may find it helpful to remember this pattern of leap years by reference to the major scale: for each whole step there are two regular years and a leap year; for each half-step there is one regular year and a leap year. This is easier to understand when you examine the keyboard illustration below and see how it relates to the leap years above.

7.8 4.5.6 1.2.3 -18-19 -15-16-17 -12-13-14 -9-10-11 -7.0 -4-5-6 -1-2.3

Months of the Jewish Year

The names of the months of the Jewish calendar were adopted during the time of Ezra, after the return from the Babylonian exile. The names are actually Babylonian month names, brought back to Israel by the returning exiles. Note that most of the Bible refers to months by number, not by name.

Hebrew	English	Number	Length	Civil Equivalent
נִיסָן	Nissan	1	30 days	March-April
אָנָיר	_	2	29 days	April-May
סִינֵן	Sivan	3	30 days	May-June
ונָמוּז	Tammuz	4	29 days	June-July
אָב	Av	5	30 days	July-August
אַלוּל	Elul	6	29 days	August-September
תִּשְׁרִי	Tishri	7	30 days	September-October
ָחֶשְׁנָן	Cheshvan	8	29 or 30 days	October-November
כִּסְלֵוּ	Kislev	9	30 or 29 days	November-December
טבֶת	Tevet	10	29 days	December-January
ψڎۣ٥	Shevat	11	30 days	January-February
אַדָר א	Adar I (leap years only)	12	30 days	February-March
אַדָּר אַדָּר ב	Adar (called Adar Beit in leap years)	12 (13 in leap years)	29 days	February-March