

THE CORONAVIRUS CRISIS

Coronavirus: COVID-19 Is Now Officially A Pandemic, WHO Says

March 11, 2020 - 12:30 PM ET

BILL CHAPPELL



# COVID-19 Update

James Steinberg, MD March 11, 2020

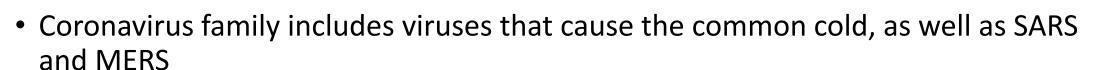
#### Learning Objectives

- Appreciate what is known and what is not known about COVID-19
- Understand how pandemics evolve
- Gain insight on what we as a society and you as individual can do to mitigate risk



#### COVID-19 COronaVirus Infectious Disease 2019

- Coronaviruses are a large family of viruses that can infect many animals
  - Named for the crown-like spikes on surface
- COVID-19 is a new coronavirus infection
  - Discovered in December 2019 in Wuhan, China



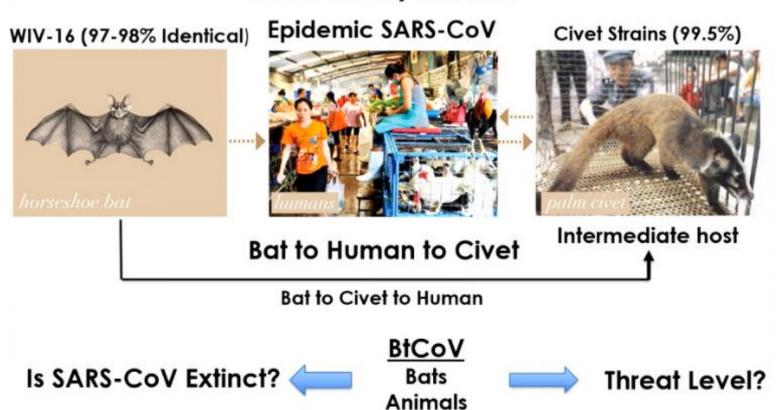
- Although most COVID-19 infections are mild, severe pneumonia and even death can occur
- Natural host for many coronaviruses are bats
- Because COVID-19 is new, a lot is not known



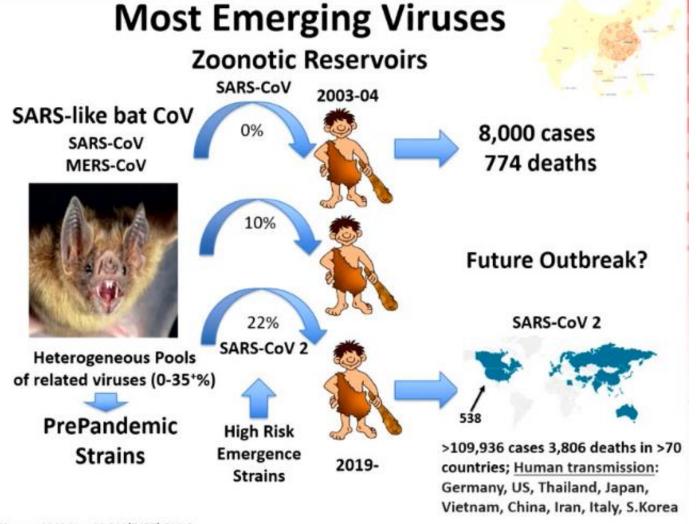
#### **SARS-CoV Emergence in 2002 in China**

8,096 cases, 774 deaths, in 32 countries, Nov 1 2002 - July 31 2003

#### **Most Likely Model**







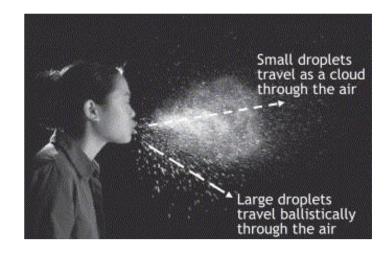
Z. Shi, Nature. 2013 Nov 28;503(7477):535-8.
Sheahan et al., JV 2008; Becker PNAS 2008; Menachery V et al., Nature Medicine 2015, Menachery PNAS 2016; Simon et al., mBIO 2017



Diseases

#### **COVID-19 Transmission**

- Respiratory secretions main mode of transmission
  - Spread through respiratory droplets in the air and that land on surfaces
  - Transmission from people before onset of symptoms or without symptoms possible but contribution off these infections appears to be small
- Stool unlikely to be a source
- Perinatal no transmission observed

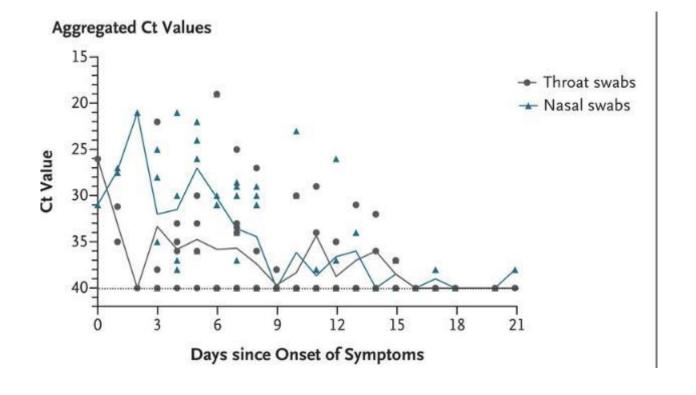


Tang JW et al, *J Hosp Infect* 2006; 64:100-14.



# COVID-19 Viral RNA Shedding in Upper Respiratory Specimens of Infected Patients

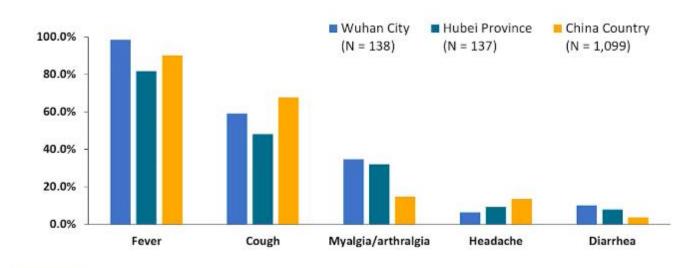
- Shedding of RNA highest early in infection, tapering off over 1-2 weeks.
- No data on how long virus that can spread infection is shed in respiratory secretions





# Signs and Symptoms of COVID-19

 No particular signs and symptoms can discriminated COVID-19 from other respiratory infections such as influenza







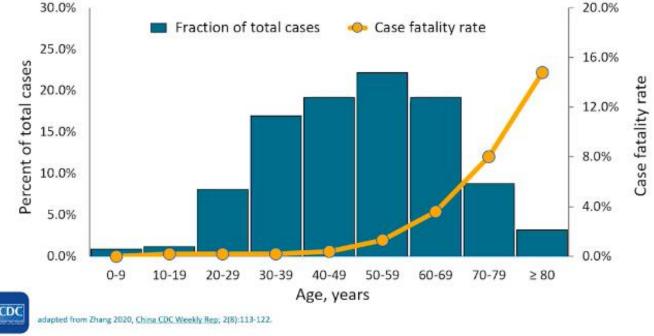
#### **Clinical Course of COVID-19**

- Incubation period is  $\sim$ 5 days (range = 2 14 days)
- ~80 % have mild illness (~80%)
- ~ 30% of hospitalized patients required intensive care
  - 5-10% require mechanical ventilation
- No approved medication
  - NIH clinical trials have started
- Supportive care has been very successful for most patients



## Age Distribution and Case Fatality Rate for COVID-19 in China (N=44,672 confirmed cases)

- Case fatality rate increases with age and underlying diseases
- Children have mild disease leading to under-diagnosis



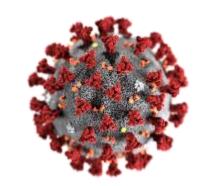




#### How does COVID-19 Compare to Influenza

	Influenza	COVID-19
Biology	Enveloped RNA virus Common in many bird/animal species	Enveloped RNA virus Common in many animal species
Symptoms	Fever, cough body aches Mild-severe	Fever cough, body aches Mild-severe, pneumonia more common
Transmission Incubation	Droplets/contact 2-5 days	Droplets/contact, maybe airborne Usually about 5 days, range 1-14
When does infection occur	Seasonal, fall-winter	Unknown
How contagious	Each case causes 1.3 others on average	Uncertain but likely more than flu
Who is most at risk	Elderly, chronically ill and pregnant women	Elderly and chronically ill, men in China
Treatment	Antivirals helpful if started early	No specific treatments
Vaccine	Yes! Moderately effective	No
Number of infections	About 1 billion annually worldwide 20-50 million in US each year	125,000 cases as of March 10, 2020
Deaths	300,000-600,000 annually worldwide 20,000-50,000 in US	4,600 so far worldwide

#### Unknowns about COVID-19



- How contagious is the virus and exactly how is it transmitted
- Optimal personal protective equipment
- How long will the pandemic last
- Effect treatments
- When a vaccine will be available
- One thing we can say for sure expect recommendations to change as we learn more and as the situation evolves



#### Current Estimates on Severity and Communicability of COVID-19



## What we Know about Severity of COVID-19

March 10, 2020

**Deaths** 

#### <u>China</u>

Deaths: 3,162

Cases: 80,956

% died 3.5%

<u>Italy</u>

Deaths: 631

Cases: 10,149

% died 6.2%

Rest of World

Deaths: 491

Cases: 27,989

% died 1.8%

**Known Infections** 



#### True State Includes ALL Who are Infected

- We don't know how many people are asymptomatic or have had symptoms but haven't been tested
- If this group is large then
  - COVID-19 infection is much more widespread <u>but</u>
  - Mortality rate may be much lower and closer to seasonal flu

Known Infections

Deaths

Asymptomatic and Undiagnosed Cases
Currently Unknown



#### Diamond Princess Cruise Ship

- Covid-19 cases in passengers led to quarantine for 2 weeks
- 3,711 passengers and crew
- 696 diagnosed Covid-19 cases
- 6 have died
- % died = 0.86





#### COVID-19 Testing

- Current test is "PCR" of respiratory specimens
- Testing very limited so far in US limiting our ability to know how many people have been infected. Most testing has been at CDC only
- Georgia State lab begin testing 3/4/20
- Commercial tests this week
- Emory lab will have own test soon
- Expect case numbers to go up as testing expands
- Serologic test soon will help determine what percent of population has been infected



CDC test kit

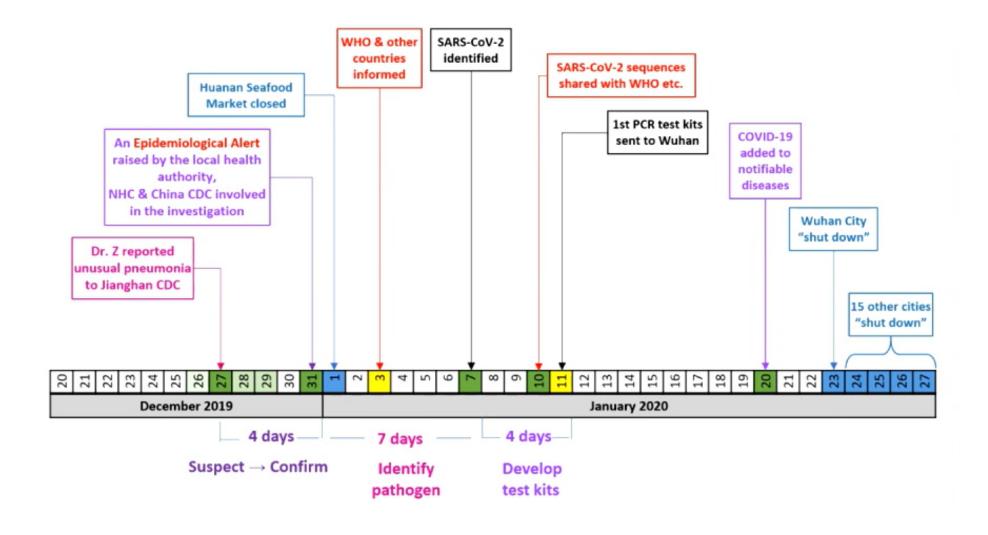


What is going to happen? Can we control COVID-19?

- Lessons from China and other countries
- Current state in US
- What to expect



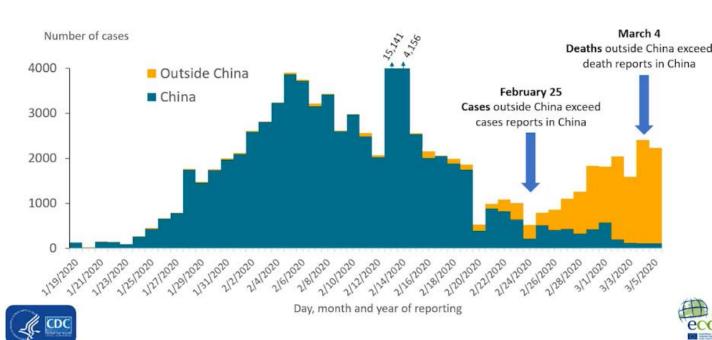
# China may have suppressed early evidence of a new outbreak, but once they acted, they moved quickly





### Aggressive measures controlled COVID-19 in China

#### Distribution of COVID-19 cases in accordance with the applied case definitions in the affected countries, as of 05 March 2020

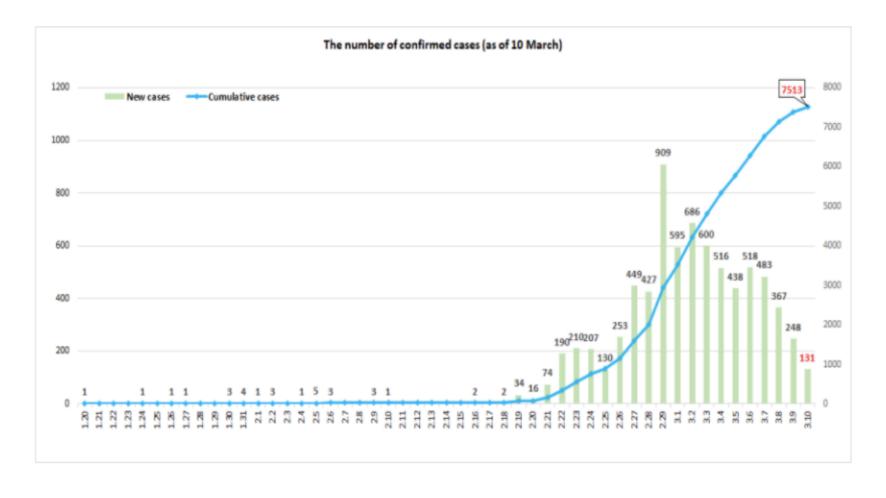


- 1.4 billion people underwent 10 days of at-home isolation
- 59 million restricted movement out of geographic area
- Opened 50,000 hospital beds
- >40,000 healthcare workers deployed to Hubei



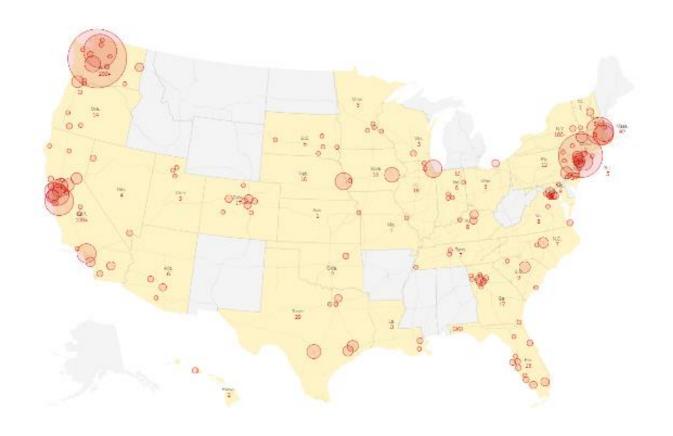
#### South Korea

O The confirmed cases by date, by region, by gender and age shown in the graph and tables as below;

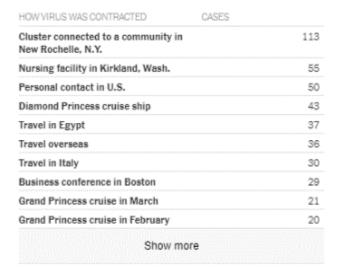




## COVID-19 Cases in US as of March 10, 2020



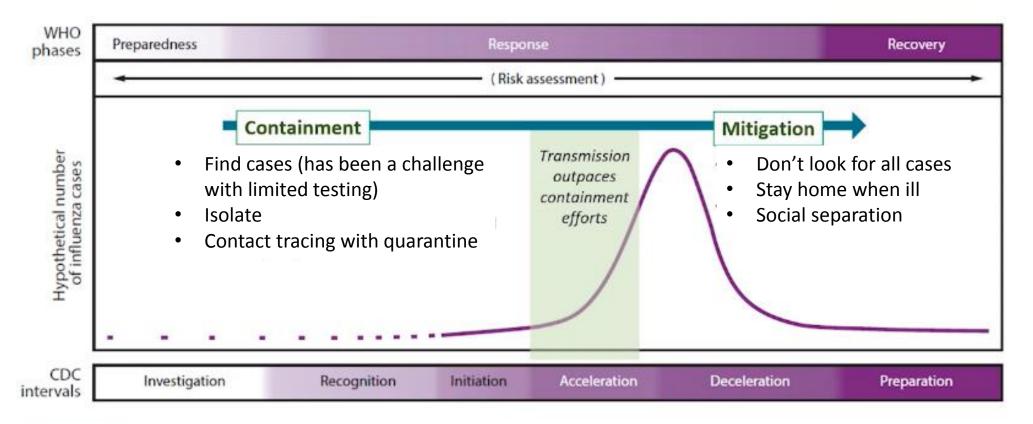
https://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2020/us/coronavirus-us-cases.html



#### New coronavirus cases announced in the U.S. each day



#### Preparedness and Response Framework for Pandemics

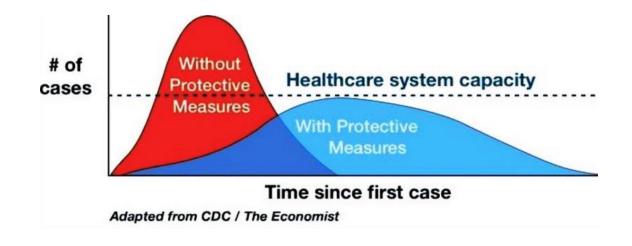






### Goals of Mitigation Strategies

- Minimizing morbidity
- "Flattening" the epidemic curve to avoid overwhelming healthcare services
- Keeping impact on economy manageable
- Slowing progression of epidemic to allow for vaccine and other treatment development





# Social Distancing and Personal Hygiene









#### https://www.cdc.gov/nonpharmaceutical-interventions/index.html

- Stay home if sick
- Notify MD office before visit
- Limit movement
- Limit visitors
- At least 2 weeks supply of medications and food

- Early
  - Stay home if sick
  - Hand hygiene
- Mild-moderate
  - Reduce large gatherings
  - Reduce mixing
  - Consider distance learning
- Substantial
  - Distance learning
  - Closure

- Early
  - Stay home if sick
  - Hand hygiene
  - telework
- Mild-moderate
  - Reduce meetings
  - Stagger schedules
  - Limit travel
- Substantial
  - Telework
  - Cancel travel and conferences





# Mitigation Activities for Faith-based Organizations Based on Level of Community Transmission

#### None

- Knowledge
- Review emergency plans
- Encourage all to stay home when sick
- Stress hand hygiene/respiratory etiquette
- Available hand hygiene supplies
- Frequently clean surfaces

#### Minimal to Moderate

- Implement social distancing
  - Reduce group activities, especially for those at increased risk
  - Consider video/audio of events
- Determine ways to support those at increase risk
- Cancel large gatherings
- Cancel small gatherings for those at high risk

#### High

 Cancel gatherings of any size

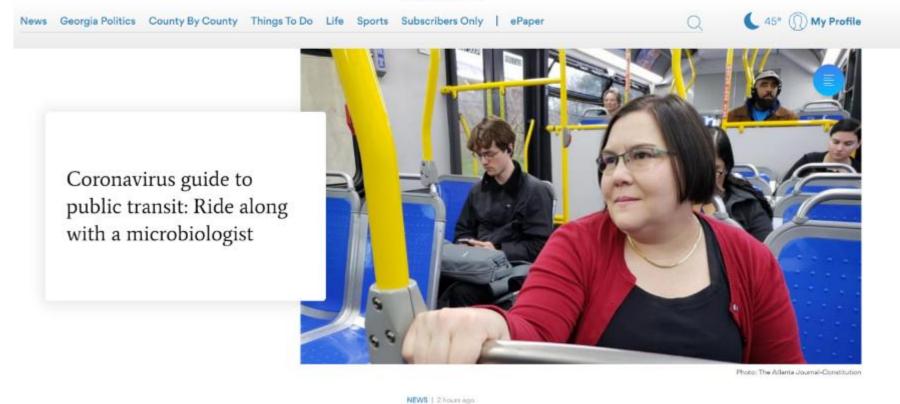


What is the difference between isolation and quarantine?

# Should I wear a mask to work? At home?

How long do coronaviruses last on surfaces?







Division of Infectious Diseases

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By Matt Kempner, The Atlanta Journal-Constitution

Can our healthcare system handle the number of patients with COVID-19?

#### Workforce Concerns

- Surge planning
- Concern about infection
- Absenteeism/presenteeism
- School closures



# Thank You



Good websites for more information

www.CDC.gov

www.nytimes.com/2020/03/12/world/coronavirus-news.html

https://www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-2019

https://coronavirus.jhu.edu (see interactive map)