SCHEDULE

שבת קדש

Mincha Erev Shabbos 7:00 PM 8:30 AM Shacharis

Sof Zman K"S מ"א 8:51 גר"א 9:27

Pirkei Avos Shiur 7:20 PM

Mincha- Followed by Shalosh Seudos 7:55 PM

9:05 PM Maariv

Sunday

Shacharis 8:30 AM

Followed by Shiur on Machalei Goyim, Bishul Akum

Mincha / Maariy 8:05 PM

Weekday Minyanim & Shiurim Monday—Friday

Gemarah Shiur 6:00 AM

Maseches Avodah Zarah with Rabbi Teichman

Shacharis

6:30 AM Monday - Pesach Sheini - בה"ב

Tues, Wed, Fri. 6:45AM Thurs. 6:40AM

Tur & Beis Yosef - Orach Chaim Shiur 7:30AM

Additional daily minyan (Mon - Fri) 8:10AM

Mincha 1:45 PM

Mincha / Maariy 8:05 PM

Open Beis Hamedrash 7:00 PM

9:30 PM Shiur (Mon-Thur)

Nightly Maariv (Mon-Thur) 9:45 PM

Thursday Night Rabbi Teichman Shiur After Maariv

SPONSORSHIPS

Kiddush

Insert your name here: (\$100)

Shalosh Seudos **Aryeh & Miriam Dickstein**

Sponsorships can be made for any occasion

Rebbetzin Esther Jungreis presents an Inspiring Evening for Women at Bnai Jacob Sharei Zion. Monday at 8:00 PM. Tickets at the door or 410-764-6810

**

AIPAC's Community Toast to Howard Friedman Beth Tefiloh Cong at 7:00-9:00PM 410-223-4190

For more information:

Rabbi Zvi Teichman ravzt@hotmail.com 410-570-3333

Azi Rosenblum azirosenblum@gmail.com 443-854-2172

Eitan Schuchman schuchbalt@yahoo.com 443-929-0755 CONGREGATION OHEL MOSHE

שבת קודש פרשת בהר

אהל משה



Rabbi Zvi Teichman

CONGREGATION OHEL MOSHE

2808 SMITH AVE Baltimore, MD 21209 WWW.OHELMOSHEBALTIMORE.COM Daven@ohelmoshebaltimore.com (410) 878-7521

Volume #42

RABBI'S MESSAGE

Where Are You "Frum"?

אני די...אשר הוצאתי אתכם מארץ מצרים לתת לכם את ארץ כנען להיות לכם לאלקים :(ויקרא פרק כה פסוק לח)

The תורה informs us that we were taken out of מצרים and brought unto ארץ ישראל so that השם would be an "יאלקים" to us only there.

quotes the oft repeated יישכל הדר בארץ ישראל אני לו לאלקים וכל היוצא ממנה כעובד עבודה זרהיי; whomever dwells in the land of Israel I am to him for a G-d, and all who leave from her is deemed as having served idols.

The source for this is found in two places. The primary source in מקבל תורת כהנים states: מקבל עליו עובד עבודת אלילים מקבל עליו עובד עבודת אלילים any Jew who sits in the land of Israel has accepted the yoke of heaven and all who leave it is deemed as having worshipped idols. The second quote is from a accepted the yoke of heaven and all who leave it is deemed as having worshipped idols. The second quote is from a שכל הדר בארץ ישראל - דומה כמי שיש לו אלוה, וכל הדר בחוצה לארץ - דומה כמי שאין one who lives in the land of Israel is as if he has a G-d, and one who lives outside of the land is as if one has no G-d.

Both statements seem synonymous yet upon careful examination there exists several differences. The first source describes a "יזשבי" as opposed to a "דרי". What is the essential difference between these two descriptions? Another contrast is the negative emphasis in the first citation of one who "leaves" the land as compared to the second sources debasing his "dwelling" in אַראַרץ.

What makes the observation evermore intriguing is רש"י's mixing and matching of the two. The first part of רש"י from the כתובות ממרא while concluding the sentiment with the "כל הדר...." from תורת מרא from ייכל היוצא..."

A "יזש" describes a state of being, while "דר" depicts a state of belonging. One "sits" with ones thoughts but one "dwells" in ones environment. The מחשבה writes that where a persons mind is, is truly where "he" is, ones מחשבה defines a persons true location. One can define the locale one truly "lives" in by determining where ones mindset is constantly focused on.

Perhaps '*יידריי*; a dweller in the "land" even whilst one is yet physically located in קשיי is teaching us that one can be a *יידריי*; a dweller in the "land" even whilst one is yet physically located in קבלת עול as long as one remains a *יינושביי*, preoccupied with the special קבלת עול that comes with the awareness of being under the direct השנחה no matter where we are. As long as we are not *יינוצא ממנהיי*; we do not leave that consciousness, as ייוצא ממנה so aptly states, we are able to possess a G-d, *ייאני לו לאלקיםיי*, never being distracted by the forces of nature that "seem" to guide and orchestrate events outside of our holy land.

We proclaim "דרור בארץ"; freedom in the land, with the arrival of יובל. The root word of דרור is דרור, to dwell, accentuating the confines of עבדות being revoked, allowing all to "live" wherever they please, as רשיי remarks on the definition of the word תורה no longer constrained to the limitations and whims of man.

When we live our lives with the hopes and aspirations of a life embraced by the השגחה then we too can merit the קדושת הארץ in all that we do. אור a contraction of two words אור , defining and virtually creating an abode of קדושה in proportion to the אור that we bring into that reality.

May we merit to imbue our daily affairs with the spirit of ארץ ישראל so that in that זכות we will hopefully bring about our full return to the land of our אבות.

באהבה,

צבי טייכמן

Delicious Shalosh Seudos Salads provided by



Rosenbloom Owings Mill JCC 410-356-0010 Weinberg Park Keights GC 410-542-5185

We will be open on Saturday night one hour after Shabbos until midnight

Let us cater your next luncheon, Bris, Sheva Brachos, Or Other Happy Occasionn our Atrium or your choice of place Call Gosh:443-928-5404

BE ONTHE LOOKOUT



Rabbi Teichman, Unplugged

Join us weekly for 30 minutes of uninhibited Hashkafa & Mussar with Rabbi Teichman.

Thursday Nights after the 9:45 Maariv.

Topics will cover a variety of subjects from Shalom Bayis, to Chinuch, to matters of Parnassa and more!

You don't want to miss this...
- For Men -