**U** BEVERLY HILLS SYNAGOGUE

# Tefilla Notebook

This week's Tefilla Notebook is sponsored by Nadine Gerson & Bob Zeller in memory of Nadine's mother, Rita Gerson, Rachel Leah bat Yishayahu a"h, whose yahrtzeit is on the 25th of Kisley.

23 Kislev • Parshat Veyeshev • Birkat Hachodesh

#### Rabbi Pini Dunner, Senior Rabbi

#### November 26-27, 2021

Nati Bar-Am, Chazan

Steven Dorfman, PresidentSHABBAT SCHEDULEIFRIDAY, NOVEMBER 26ICANDLELIGHTING 4:26pmIMINCHA/KABBALAT SHABBAT 4:30pmISATURDAY, NOVEMBER 27IGEMARA SHIUR 8:30AMISHACHARIT 9:15AMIMINCHA 4:35PMIMAARIV: 5:25PMISHABBAT ENDS: 5:29PMIWEEKDAY DAVENING TIMESI

Shacharit		Mincha/Maariv	
Sunday	8:00a	am	4:25pm
Mon-Thurs	7:00a	am	4:25pm
Friday	7:00	am	4:25pm

#### THANK YOU

This Week's Extended Kiddush is Co-Sponsored by:

Shawney & Dr. Richard Fine and Rachel & Hirsch Taylor in memory of their son and brother, Jeffrey Lawrence Gilson, for his unveiling;

And **Dr. Seymour & Grace Stoll** in honor of his aufruf and upcoming marriage of their son, **Dr. Sidney Stoll** to **Shoshana Schwartz** 

### Mazal Tov

Dr. Sidney Stoll on his aufruf and upcoming marriage to Shoshana Schwartz

Mazal Tov Sarah & Alex Masket on the birth of a daughter! Mazal Tov to grandparents Janice & Philip Kaufler and Joyce & Paul Kirsch Dear Members & Friends, One of humanity's most ancient tensions is the choice between our duty to God and ensuring that our behavior towards others is the paradigm of perfection. Historically, morality and religion were portrayed as synonymous – because if God wants it, it must be moral – but there are numerous instances where the gulf between one's duty to God and to fellow man is so wide that trying to reconcile the two is, for all intents and purposes, impossible. Frequently, those who consider themselves religious allow their God-devotion to overshadow human compassion, believing that faith justifies oppressing the unfaithful.



Examples of murder and cruelty perpetrated in God's name are ubiquitous. The medieval Crusades and 9/11 are just two well-known examples, but there are countless others. As Rabbi Lord Jonathan Sacks put it in his 2015 book, *Not in God's Name.* "Too often in the history of religion, people have killed in the name of the God of life, waged war in the name of the God of peace, hated in the name of the God of love and practiced cruelty in the name of the God of compassion." Clearly, when faced with the choice of ritual obligations and violence against fellow humans, many God-believers have opted for the latter.

Judaism is no stranger to this tension – and on the face of it, God comes first. For example, if a kohen walks past a cemetery and spots an item lost by its owner, he cannot forsake his state of ritual purity to observe the mitzva of *hashavat aveida*, although returning lost property is a Torah mandated law, and crucial for the functioning of a just and civil society. God, it would appear, takes precedence over man. Nonetheless, there are laws that defy this pecking order. Most famously, saving a life takes precedence over any Shabbat prohibitions. One might think that this is only because loss of life is involved, but even seemingly less consequential considerations can get in the way of observing a ritual law. For example, although the Torah-mandates using four species on Sukkot, we are not permitted to utilize a stolen lulav. According to most Talmud commentators, this is because it is inconceivable for a mitzva to be carried out at someone else's expense. Apparently, in this instance, and others like it, man comes before God.

Interestingly, Joseph makes a statement in Parshat Vayeishev which reflects this theological conundrum, and the way he expresses himself helps explain how man comes before God. After Potiphar's wife had arranged for them to be alone together, he refused to succumb to her advances, spelling out his reasoning as follows (Gen. 39:9): "There is no one greater in this house than I, and [your husband, my master] has denied me nothing but you, since you are his wife. How then can I perpetrate this great evil? I will have sinned against God!" At first glance, Joseph's rebuff of Potiphar's wife is a little confusing. Is he concerned with betraying his master, or is he worried about sinning against God? And if it is both, why does God come second? Surely, God should come first!

In the foreword to Even Sheleima, the Gaon of Vilna presents a very powerful idea about our obligation to observe mitzvot: the foundation of every mitzva, whether it is a ritual mitzva or a human-relations mitzva, must always be ethics and morality. In fact, if a mitzva has not improved your character, it cannot have been executed properly. In Joseph's situation, adultery with his master's wife was certainly an affront to God, but first and foremost it was a betrayal of his master. Joseph was saying something very simple: if the only reason you abstain from immoral behavior is religious, you've missed the point entirely. And if it's all about God and not about ethical behavior, you might end up stealing a lulav, or even murdering another human being, to ingratiate yourself with God. But human suffering can never be justified by citing God as an excuse. Or, as Abraham Joshua Heschel once put it so well: "if I hurt a human being, I injure God."

Rabbi Yonason Eybeschutz (1690-1764) is best remembered for the period towards the end of his life when he was the foremost rabbinic leader and scholar of European Jewry. Earlier on he was not so well known, and it was during this period of youthful obscurity that he once found himself unable to get back home for Yom Kippur. Instead, he had to stay in a small town some distance from where he lived. Concerned that his prayers would suffer in this unfamiliar environment, he looked for a seat at the local synagogue where he would be able to pray properly. At mincha on Erev Yom Kippur afternoon he looked around the shul and noticed a man who was deeply engrossed in his prayers – a true paragon of devotion. Rabbi Yonason arrived early for Kol Nidre and sat himself as close to the devout man as he could. Sure enough, this man's prayers were filled with emotion and piety. "I am but dust in my lifetime," he sobbed, his body shaking with emotion, "and even more so in my death!" Rabbi Yonason was inspired, and the following morning he returned to the same seat near the man, thankful to have found such a saintly prayer partner. As the morning unfolded, the man continued to pray with utter dedication and concentration, particularly for parts of the prayer which focused on his insignificance.

After shacharit was over, the Torah reading began. All went smoothly – until the third *aliyah*. The *gabbai* didn't call the man next to Rabbi Yonason to say a blessing over the Torah, instead giving the *aliyah* to someone else. The man went red in the face, and without warning stood up and yelled: "Him? You're giving <u>him</u> the third *aliyah*?" The shull went dead quiet. "Why is he better than me?" the man continued shouting, "I am a greater scholar than he is! I give more charity than he does! Why are you putting him before me?" No one said a word. But Rabbi Yonason, never one to hold back, was undaunted. "I don't understand you," he said to the man, "last night and the whole of this morning you've been declaring in your prayers how insignificant you are, and now you are demanding an *aliyah* before this other guy because you're more significant? It can't be both!" The man looked at Rabbi Yonason Eybeschutz as if he had just dropped from the moon. "Don't you understand," he said, "when it comes to God, I am like the dust of the earth... but compared to this guy – are you crazy?"

This story should remind us how all too often we lose sight of the fact that the only route to a relationship with God is via our relationship with those around us: our family, our friends, our community, those we interact with at stores, banks, airports – and in every given situation. If we are only focused on God to the exclusion of our fellow man – always putting God before man instead of man before God – nothing we do for God will ever amount to anything.

Wishing you a Shabbat Shalom and a great week ahead, Rabbi Pini Dunner





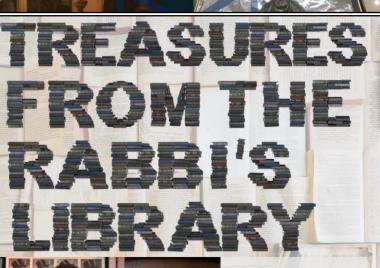
## Guess the Menorah

Email a photo of your family's menorah by Thursday, December 2nd if you would like to be included in the YINBH Menorah Guessing game that will be in the Shabbat Chanukah Tefilla Notebook. Make sure that the pictures don't have any people in them. Email mkramer@yinnbh.org











beverlyhillssynagogue.org/zoom

**BEVERLY HILLS SYNAGOGUE** YOUNG ISRAEL OF NORTH BEVERLY HILLS



ISRAEL EVENT SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 2021 HAR TUV, ISRAEL

VIRTUAL EVENT SUNDAY, DECEMBER 12, 2021 LINK TO BE EMAILED

LEE SAMSON

CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD

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