November 28, 2020

12 Kislev 5781

Congregation Spanish & Portuguese אלאריה לעלאע Parashat Vayetzei



FEELING HAPPY

A man once came to see a rabbi for some professional advice. "Rabbi, I am unhappy with myself," he complained. "No matter how hard I try, I can't seem to stay on top of my

game." Well now, exclaimed the Rabbi, what seems to be the problem"? The man began to enumerate all the wrongs he felt needed to be fixed for him to be happy in life. I must make such and such salary, I must be intellectually superior or at least at par with my pears. "When people look at me, I want them to say, what a great guy I am." If not, how can I be happy Rabbi? All that I have toiled for is in vain. "Is that it? said the Rabbi, I have the perfect remedy for that." Tomorrow morning when you wake up, the first thing you do is to make your wife a coffee. Prepare your kids' lunch boxes. Then you call your dear mother and see how she is doing. When you get to the office, make sure you greet your coworkers politely and... OK, OK, I have heard enough, said the man. I am coming to you for advice about my issues, and you are talking to me about everyone else. Why are you tormenting me? Exactly my point, answered the Rabbi. When you stop focusing on yourself and start turning your attention to others, you will feel much happier.

explain who is considered a happy person? In this research, they claim that when people evaluate other peoples' happiness, they include more than just how someone is feeling. They may also factor in whether he or she is a good person. Across different studies,

participants needed to rate the happiness of a madeup character. In one study, two characters were described as both experiencing happy feelings; one did nice things (such as helping others), while the other did mean things (indifference towards others). Overall, participants felt that the nice person was significantly happier than the mean person. According to Fan Yang, a University of Chicago psychologist, although feelings do count towards perceptions of happiness the findings reveal that when we judge how happy someone is, altruism and being a good person are perceived as making happier people.

Judaism thrives on relationships, whether with G-d or other human beings, that calls to action. In the story of the Rabbi and the man that came to seek advice, the Rabbi suggested the man help his fellow friend. What he was saying is that, when we do good things, we are not only giving the impression or a perception that we are happier, but we also actually feel good about ourselves. When I am busy trying to understand what the people around me are lacking and how I can be of help to them, my worries seem to fade away. The actual act of goodness and kindness is a liberating feeling that makes me happy. Because by doing so, I am not only focused on my "problems" but rather, I am creating an environment that makes being happy a little easier. Dear friends, in the last I recently read an article where researchers try to months the Spanish and Portuguese community has put forth Tzedaka initiatives. I invite you, together with my task team, to be part of these acts of goodness and kindness. You never know you might just feel a bit happier.

Shabbat Shalom, Rabbi Maimon Pinto



OUR SHABBAT KIDDUSH-IN-A-BOX IS CO-SPONSORED BY/EST CO-SPONSORISÉ PAR:

Joseph Layani, à la mémoire de sa mère, Berruria Esther Irène Layani bat Hayem & Mireille z'l, et de son grand-père, Hayem Hayoun ben Eliyahou z'l.

Shalom Start/Début 3:56 pm. End/Fin 5:03 pm. Havdalah

Shabbat

Services Schedule

Horaire des Offices

Our Week Day Services SERVICES SCHEDULE IS AS FOLLOWS:

SHAHRIT: 7:30 a.m. **Everyday Monday through Friday** Sunday: 8:30 a.m.

Afternoon/Evening Services: Minha/Arvit 3:25 Join on Zoom ID: 914-650-9809

SHABBAT SERVICES (RSVP) MASHAAL SANCTUARY - 9:00a.m. Minha Friday & Shabbat 4:00

LEARNING WITH **RABBI PINTO**

Lundi 30 novembre 4:00 - 4:30 р.м. PENSÉE JUIVE

Mardi 1 décembre 4:00 - 4:30 Р.М. DÉCOUVRIR LE SIDDOUR Entre le jour et la nuit **Thursday, December 3**

4:45 - 5:45 Р.М. In the Beginning হার হার হার হার Monday through Thursday after Minha S&P SOUP TALK Join us for a warm soup & enriching conversation with Rabbi Pinto 210 210 210 210 Sunday December 13 10:30-11:30 A.M. ~ "Wrap & Roll" With Rabbi Pinto & Hazzan Benlolo হার হার হার হার

Monday through Thursday 8:25AM. & 3:40PM. **RABBI'S DAILY THOUGHTS & HALAKHA**

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 1 - 7:00 - 8:30 P.M. Sisterhood Health Series: "The Power of Calm" Guest Speaker, Marina Mashaal - Zoom ID: 814 3901 3488 SUPERSIS

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 8 - 7:00 - 8:00 P.M. Sisterhood Health Series: "Relations of the Body & Soul" Guest Speaker, Rabbi Maimon Pinto - Zoom ID: 871 7147 6312 SUPERSIS

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 15 - 7:00 - 8:00 P.M. Sisterhood Hanukah Cocktail - Inspiration by Rachel Gabbay Zoom ID: 869 7901 6997 SUPERSIS

UPCOMING EVENTS

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 22 - 7:00 - 8:00 P.M. Sisterhood Health Series: "Connecting With Ourselves & Others: The Language of Emotions" Guest Speaker, Cheryl Gabbay Zoom ID: 830 8070 2240 SUPERSIS

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 29 - 12:00 - 1:00 P.M. Sisterhood Book Review "The Third Daughter" by Talia Carner Reviewer: Wilma Mashal - Zoom ID: 885 7489 6038 SISBOOK

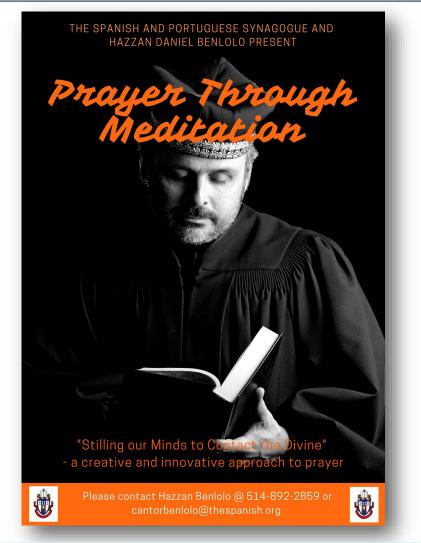
TUESDAY, JANUARY 19 - 7:00 - 8:00 P.M. Sisterhood Health Series: "Healthy Mind for the Daily Grind" Guest Speakers, Drs. Melanie Bilbul & Sheida Rabipour Zoom ID: 889 7956 5802 SUPERSIS



Famille Romano, à la mémoire de Stella Esther bat Rahel זייל. Maxime & Sabine Denoun, à la mémoire de leur père, Fernand Yihia Raphael Bendenoun זייל. Fouad Haron Mashaal, in memory of his sister, Eva Mashal זייל.

> Tuesday/Mardi 15 Kisley - December 1 décembre Ron Reuben, in memory of his grandmother, Salha Ephraim יייל.

Wednesday/Mercredi 16 Kisley - December 2 décembre Charlotte Shashoua, in memory of her father, Yehouda Isaac ۲۳۰. McHugh Family, in memory of husband & father, Michael McHugh ۲۰۰۲.



Quote Of The Week What you do wrong has more opportunity for growth than anything you do right. — Rabbi Stephen Baars -*Aish HaTorah*

CHEVRA SHAAS ADATH JESHURUN HADRATH KODESH SHEVET ACHIM CHAVERIM KOL YISRAEL D'BET ABRAHAM CONGREGATION

SHABBOS, NOVEMBER 28th

FOR TIMES OF <u>WEEKDAY</u> SERVICES, PLEASE FOLLOW WITH SPANISH & PORTUGUESE

WE HAVE MOVED THE STARTING TIME OF SHABBAT MORNING SERVICES IN CS HALL TO 9:30 A.M.

Words From Rabbi White VAYEITSEI 5781

All of us in Montreal have heard of the government's announcement that, in this year of the pandemic, we are allowed to host up to 10 people on the 24th, 25th, 26th, and 27th of December. There were Jewish people who were upset at the government: why couldn't the gov't have included at least one day of Hanukkah? (evening of Dec 10 through Dec 18). They feel that this shows insensitivity to our Jewish citizens!

I must respectfully disagree with those critics (there are certainly many areas to criticize the gov't, but not this one!) Personally, I am most pleased that Hanukkah was not included. Let's have a safe Hanukkah with our immediate families. For COVID is a powerful, hidden enemy. Why should we expose ourselves to danger? Let us have a quiet and safe Hanukkah this year, so that we could celebrate all the holidays with renewed vigour next year.

My source for this approach happens to be based on the end of last week's parasha, and the beginning of this week's. When we left Jacob last week, he had just received a 2nd blessing from his father Isaac: that the blessing of Abraham should be passed on to Jacob, so that he and his descendants should inherit the land of Canaan (later to be called Erets Yisrael, after Jacob's other name.)

Yet, immediately after that, Isaac sends Jacob out of the country! And Rebecca had told Jacob just a few verses earlier, that his life would be in danger if he were to stay in Canaan.

So that's how this week's parasha begins. Jacob sets out on his journey. But he prays to G-d that G-d should watch over him, and that he should be able to return in peace to his home and native land. He leaves temporarily, so that he and his descendants can return and settle permanently.

And that should be our attitude towards observing the regulations during the pandemic. Let's follow the rules about masks, social distancing, large gatherings, etc., so that the hardships of this year will result in renewed strength in future years.

Shabbat Shalom

Major Donors Program

The Spanish & Portuguese has recently begun a fundraising program whereby our goal is to raise \$1.5 Million over 3 years to help fund our activities, programs, and events. We are pleased to announce the following congregants who have made very generous 3-year donations:

Edward & Gertrude Mashaal & Family Sam & Ann Aintabi & Family Philip & Dahlia Lawee & Family Mayer & Roberta Lawee & Family Alfred & Martha Lawee Friends of the Congregation Morris & Gilda Abdulezer & Family Rony & Anita Gabbay & Family Mann Families Yaghoub & Clifford Noonoo & Families Chazzan Daniel & Muriel Benlolo & Family Kamal & Sue Gabbay & Family Mayer & Muriel Sasson & Family Albert & Sandra Mashaal & Family Frank & Rebecca Daniel & Family Ovadia Shebath & Family Carla & Philip Khazzam Morris & Evette Mashaal & Family Mike & Monika Yuval & Family Jacob & Iris Haimovici & Family Joshua & Anne Haimovici & Family Joshua & Anne Haimovici & Family F.G. Shahrabani Family Salim Mashaal & Family Charles & Lucie Shemie & Family David & Carole Nathaniel & Family Nonald & Myriam Reuben & Family Victor & Edna Mashaal & Family Henri & Arlene Abitan & Family David & Vivian Gabbay & Family Manny & Denise Touaty & Family

SPANISH & PORTUGUESE ANNUAL GIVING CAMPAIGN

SUPPORTER

Donald L Gladys Kattan Charlie L Linda Balass L Family Sam L Linda Fattal Wilson L Mireille Fattal Ralph L Orly Dadoun Moussa L Nina Saaad Maurice J. Fattal Raphael L Rachel Lallouz Burt Saleh Drs. Sabah L Samia Bekhor Edmond L Suzanne Elbaz Albert L Valerie Tauby Emile L Rita Fattal

FRIEND

Sami & Lydia Sourani Charles & Racheline Abadi Stanislav Pacenka Richard Saleh Jack & Gracy Corin Isaac Sadaka Paul Harari Gladys Matarasso Ferial Akairib Allan & Nina Daly

André Rotchel Joseph L Niddam Amzallag David L Lyson Haccoun Gladys Mooallem Maurice Douek Robert Fattal Rabbi Howard L Norma Joseph Jim L Ruth Nabi

HALAKHA おつうお

BERACHOT

Before a Jew eats or drinks, he or she recites a blessing (called a berachah - (בָּרָכָה), praising and thanking the Creator. Each category of foods has its own unique blessing text, based on the provenance of the food and its position in Jewish tradition. There is also an after blessing (called a berachah acharonah - בְּרֵכָה אַחֵרוֹנָה) said after eating, tailor made for various kinds of food. "And you will eat and you will be satisfied," says the Torah, "and you will bless the L-rd your G-d for the good and expansive land, which He gave you."

There are also blessings (brachot) to be said upon seeing natural phenomena, smelling pleasant aromas, or even hearing good news. Saying blessings ensures that every meal is a sacred encounter, and every experience is an act of gratitude. In the following weeks we will learn and explore the various berachot that were transmitted to us by our sages.

Bread made from the five species of grains identified by our sages (wheat, barley, rye, spelt or oat) require the blessing "Hamotzi" (דמוציא). To be

considered bread, the liquid ingredient must be primarily water and has to be baked. Dough that uses more oil or fruit juice than water (like pastries), or dough that is fried or cooked (like pasta) is not regarded as "bread."

In addition to the blessing made on food, bread has the special requirement that we ritually wash our hands before partaking of it. Fill a large cup with water and pour it three times over your right hand, then three times over the left. Lift your hands and rub them together, and as you do so recite the following blessing:

בַּרוּך אַתַּה יִ-יַ אֵ-לֹהֵינוּ מֵלֶך הַעוֹלָם אֲשֶׁר קדְשָׁנוּ בָּמָצְוֹתֵיו, וְצְוַנוּ עַל נְטִילַת יַדֵים Baruch atah A-donay, Elo-heinu Melech Ha'Olam, asher kideshanu bemitzvotav vetzivanu al netilat yadayim.

Blessed are You L-rd our G-d, King of the universe, Who has sanctified us with his commandments and commanded us on the washing of the hands.

Shabbat Shalom, Rabbi Maimon Pinto



CONGREGATION *✿* MAGHEN *ϕ* ABRAHAM THOUGHTS FROM MAYER SASSON ~ A TIME TO BE SILENT

left from Be'er Sheva and went to Charan. [28:10]" In search of a wife, Yaakov headed to Charan to the house of his uncle Lavan.

At times, although one might feel the urge to speak out and defend one's interests, the proper course of action is to empathize or at least to remain silent. Our parsha shows the incredible power and long-term repercussions of such decisions.

Yaakov tended Lavan's flocks for 7 years in order to earn the hand of Rachel in marriage. At the marriage, Lavan deviously substituted Leah for Rachel. Yaakov had been suspicious that Lavan might make such an attempt and had given Rachel signs as a way of verifying that she would in fact be the bride. Rachel, however, did not want to humiliate her sister and gave those signs to Leah.

The next morning, when the deception had become apparent, Yaakov complained to Lavan. Lavan glibly turned it back on Yaakov explaining that maybe where Yaakov comes from they do such things but in his town the younger daughter is never given away before the older. Lavan proposed that at the end of the seven days of postwedding celebration, Rachel would be given to Yaakov as a second wife in exchange for Yaakov tending his flocks an additional 7 years. This was agreed to and Yaakov married both Leah and Rachel.

This week we read the parsha of Va'yaitzay-"And Yaakov Leah was the first to bear children and she gave birth to opened here womb and she became pregnant and gave the first four tribes of Yisroel: Reuven, Shimon, Levi and birth to a son. [30:22-23]" Yehuda.

> At that point, Rachel turned to Yaakov and said: "Give me sons, if not, I am (like) dead." Yaakov became angry with did Hashem remember? Rashi writes tha Rachel and said: "Hatachas Elokim anochi {Am I in G-d's place} who has withheld from you the fruit of the womb? [30:1-2]

From you but not from me-I already have children. [Rashi] The Medrash [Rabbah 71:7] explains that Hashem took Yaakov to task for responding angrily to Rachel as opposed to empathizing with the pain that she was feeling. "Is that the way that you respond to the pleas of those who are suffering?" The Medrash goes on to explain the long-term repercussion of Yaakov's speaking when he should have empathized or at least remained silent: Your sons (from other wives) will stand before her son (Yosef) and beg from him when he'll be in a position of majesty and they in a state of suffering.

The brothers nervously approached Yosef after Yaakov's death begging for forgiveness, afraid that he might now punish them for selling him. Yosef responded to them using the same exact term that Yaakov had said to Rachel: "Hatachas Elokim anochi {Am I in G-d's place}?")

With Rachel, however, we find a very different response and result. "And Hashem remembered Rachel... and

Hashem's remembering always refers to a specific act that a person performed. In this case what act of Rachel did Hashem remember? Rashi writes that He remem-

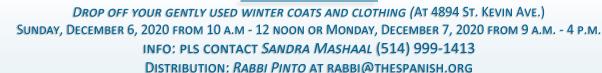
We must realize what an incredibly selfless act this was. By giving over the signs Rachel was forfeiting her chance to marry Yaakov and thereby claim her place in eternity as the matriarch of Bnei Yisroel (the Children of Israel). She had no way of knowing that Yaakov was going to marry her afterwards. Nevertheless, she was willing to sacrifice all of that on the altar of her sister's honor. She empathized with Leah and stayed silent the night of the wedding.

What were the long-term repercussions of this sacrifice? Rachel was sterile-unable to have any children. "Hashem remembered Rachel... and opened here womb!" He remembered her empathy for Leah and created fertility where no possibility for childbirth had existed before! It was her willingness to forfeit becoming a matriarch that enabled her to become a matriarch.

"For everything (turn, turn, turn) there is a season, and a time for every purpose under heaven. A time to be born, a time to die... A time to weep, a time to laugh... A time to be silent, a time to speak. [Koheles 3:1-7]"

Shabbat Shalom

Give a Hand is a Spanish & Portuguese initiative uniting people with acts of goodness & kindness... COAT DRIVE



Jewish Cemetery - Iraq

DRIVE

KADDISH INITIATIVE

"A fundamental cornerstone of the Jewish tradition is our collective memory. Therefore, I call on Jewish communities around the world to join in this global Shabbat of Remembrance. By reciting the Mourner's Kaddish and an azkarah (memorial prayer) on the Shabbat of November 28, we will stand united in solidarity in honor of those we cannot physically pay our respect to." Omer Yankelevitch, Minister of Diaspora Affairs for the State of Israel.

This year we have organizations representing millions of Jews worldwide that have joined the Israeli government in adding the kaddish to their own November 30th annual celebrations of the exodus of Jews from Arab lands.

A website has been created and we encourage everyone to visit, register and download the prayer https://www.kaddishinitiative.com If people want to know more, there are also these two links which are now live:

https://www.jns.org/opinion/the-kaddish-initiative-for-global-jewish-unity-and-solidarity/ - David Dangoor - JNS "The Sephardi Perspective" https://blogs.timesofisrael.com/mass-prayer-planned-for-jews-buried-in-arab-countries/ - Lyn Julius - Jewish News - The Blogs