בַּלְחֹ־פְּבֹרּ אֹהֶלֶידּ, יִעְקֹב, מִשְׁפְּנֹתֶידּ, יִשְׁרָאֵלי נְאַנִי בְּרֹב חַסְדְּדְּ אָשְׁתַּחָוֶה אֶל-חֵיכֵל קְדְשְׁךְּ אֶשְׁתַּחָוֶה אֶל-חֵיכֵל קְדְשְׁךְּ בִּיִרְאָתֶּךָּ.

יִגְ, אָהַבְּהָני מְעוֹן בִּיתֶּךּ וּמְקוֹם מִשְׁפַּן כְּבוֹדֶךְּ וֹאֲנִי תְּפִלָּתִי לְּדּ, יָנִ עִּבְרְכָּח לִפְנִי-יִי עשׁי עֵלְהִים, בְּרָב-יִיָ עשׁי עֵלְהִים, בְּרָב-יָיָ עשׁי עֵלְהִים, בְּרָב-יָיָ W/Courol מוז מון און Mah Tovu

Continue on page 291

HOW FAIR are your tents, O Jacob, your dwellings, O Israel.

I, through Your abundant love, enter Your house; I bow down in awe at Your holy Temple.

Adonai, I love Your temple abode, the dwelling-place of Your glory.

I will humbly bow down low before Adonai, my Maker.

As for me, may my prayer come to You, Adonai, at a favorable moment; O God, in Your abundant faithfulness, answer me with Your sure deliverance.

Mah tovu. How fair... Numbers 24:5; Psalms 5:8, 26:8, 95:6, 69:14. Numbers 24:5 is part of the gentile prophet Balaam's blessing of Israel. Summoned to curse the invading Israelites, he is compelled by God to bless them. The "tents" and "dwellings" in Balaam's blessing are identified by the Rabbis with Israel's synagogues and houses of study (Sanhedrin 105b); for this reason, Seder Rav Amram, the earliest prayerbook (9th c. Babylonia), mandates the recitation of this verse upon entering a synagogue. In the following psalm verses, the House of God (originally, the Jerusalem Temple) is also identified with the synagogue. The reference to a "time of favor" when it is appropriate to offer up one's personal prayer is identified in B'rachot 8a as the time of public worship when the congregation offers up its prayers; thus each of us in our own