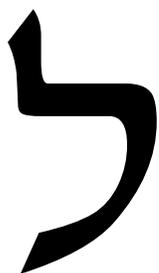




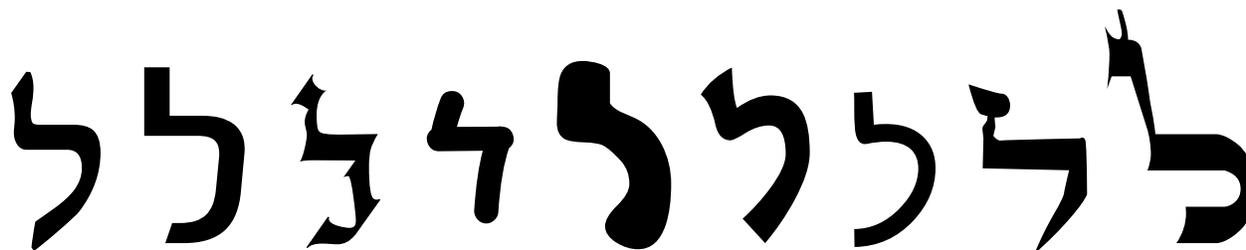
Meet your next letter, the **Lamed**!



**Lamed** makes the same sound as the English letter



Here's the Lamed in several different fonts and handwritings – as you can see, they're all very "**L**ong" (going above the "top line" of most letters) and jagged like **L**ightning even if other parts of the letter are slightly different!



Circle the **long** part of each **L**amed that goes further up than the other letters!  
*The first one has been done for you!*

Now you can read the Hebrew word for **parable**  
 (a story with a “moral” to teach):

מִנְשָׁל



And the Hebrew word for **detective**:



Almost any letter can get a dot in the middle because of grammar or spelling rules – it doesn't change the sound in the Lamed either!

**Read the following lines out loud:**

(You can also hear them on the StudyHub on [www.JLearnHub.com](http://www.JLearnHub.com)!)

1 לְ לַ לָּ לֵשׁ לֵת לַ לְ לַ

kneaded  
(dough)

2 תַּל לַל בַּל מַל שַׁל תַּל

shawl

circumcised

un-/non-

3 לֵשׁ בַּל שְׂתַל מְשַׁל בִּפְלֵשׁ

detective

parable

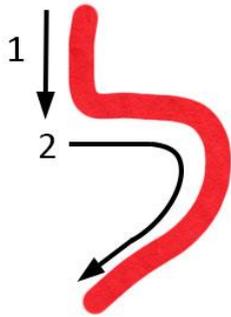
planted

un-/non-

kneaded  
(dough)

# Writing Practice

Make the letter Lamed with a line and a curve:



Some people also write Lamed like this:

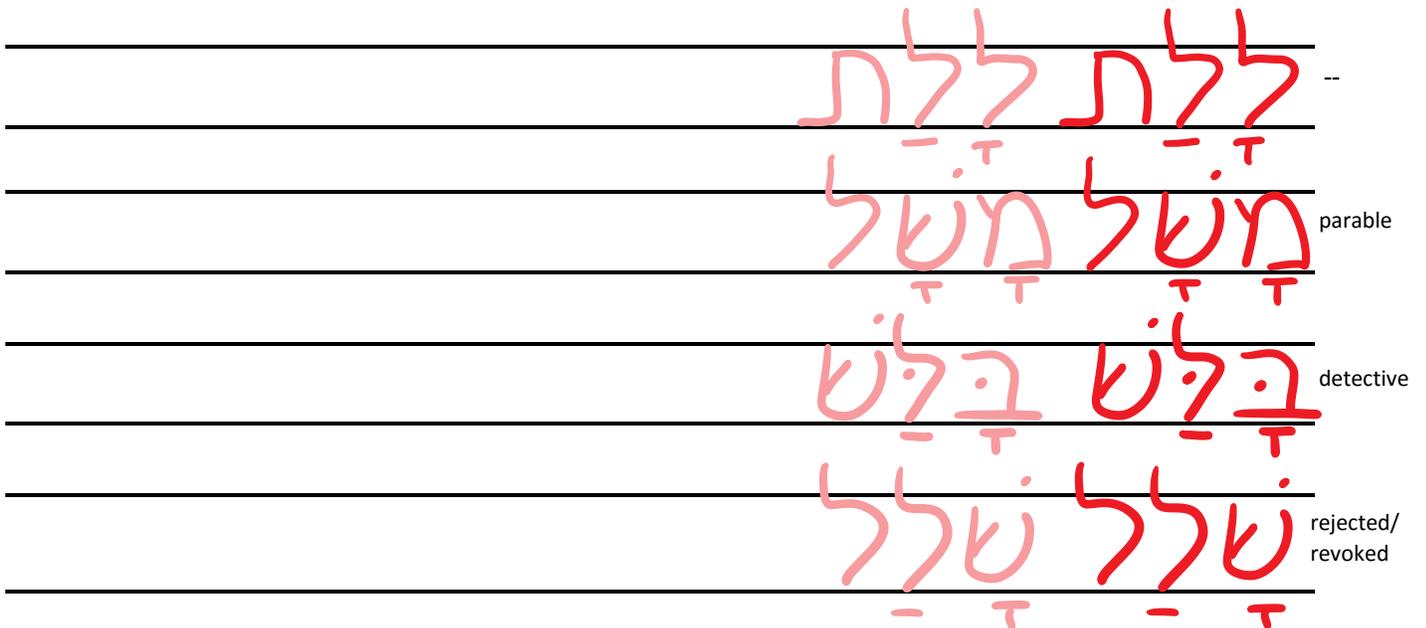


Feel free to use whichever shape is easier for you!

Now you try: trace the letter across the first line, then copy it all the way across the second line on your own!



Copy the words at least **3 times** each:



# Read Aloud!

Read the Hebrew below. Lines separate the syllables for you on the top – see if you can figure out the syllables on your own on the bottom!

(You can also hear these words on the StudyHub on [www.JLearnHub.com](http://www.JLearnHub.com)!)

מַאֲשָׁל

parable

1 תִּלְוָה

detached

לִישׁוּבָה

to the Shabbat

2 בְּלִיל

mixed/mingled

נִשְׁלָל

rejected/revoked

3 בִּלְשׁוֹן

detective

תִּלְוָה

detached

בְּלִיל

mixed/mingled

4 מַאֲשָׁל

parable

בִּלְשׁוֹן

detective

לִישׁוּבָה

to the Shabbat

5 נִשְׁלָל

rejected/revoked

Woohoo! You know enough letters to read a whole page of real words!

# Match-A-Rhyme

Read the Hebrew on the right out loud, then the Hebrew on the left.  
Match the ones that rhyme within each group!

(For instance, **בַּת** could match to **תַּת**. One's been done for you!)

A	מַלְשׁ	נְשָׁלָל	1	rejected/revoked
B	תַּלְתַּ	בַּלְשׁ	2	detective
C	שִׁמְל	לְבַת	3	to the daughter
D	בַּלְל	לְמַל	4	mixed/mingled
E	שַׁבַּת	מַלְתַּ	5	

A	מִתְשׁ	מִמְשׁ	1	rejected/revoked
B	בַּלְתַּ	נְשָׁלְשׁ	2	
C	בַּלְשׁ	לְתַשׁ	3	detective
D	נְשָׁלָל	לְלַת	4	rejected/revoked
E	שִׁמְשׁ	תַּלְלַ	5	helper candle

Are you having a LOT of trouble figuring out what rhymes? Then just read the Hebrew out loud for practice then move on to the next page – only match this page if it's a fun puzzle for you!

# Speed Read!

Time yourself reading the Hebrew below out loud at least twice.

What's the best time you can get?

(You can also hear these words on the StudyHub on [www.JLearnHub.com](http://www.JLearnHub.com)!)

תִּלְשׁ

detached

בִּלְלַל

mixed/mingled

מִנְשַׁל

parable

1

בִּלְשׁוֹ

detective

לְשַׁבַּת

to the Shabbat

נִשְׁלַל

rejected/revoked

2

נִשְׂתַּל

planted

לְשַׁל

to the shawl

שַׁבַּת

3

לְבַת

to the daughter

לְשִׁמְשׁוֹ

to the helper candle

בִּל

un-/non-

4

מִמְּשׁוֹ

very/much

לְבִלְשׁוֹ

to the detective

מִתַּת

gift

5

בְּשַׁבַּת

in/on the Shabbat

בְּמִנְשַׁל

in the parable

נִשְׂתַּל

flowed

6

Time Log:

1		2		3		4	
---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--



Silly Hebrew Trick

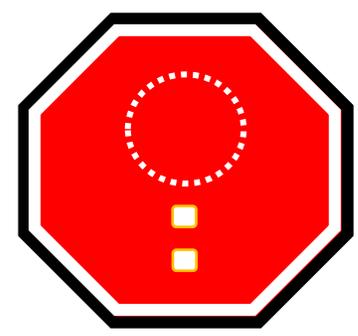
Sh'va is like a colon:  
it says **STOP**

Meet your third vowel, the **Sh'va**:

The **Sh'va** is a **silent vowel**.

In general, the Sh'va makes as little sound as it possibly can.

When it's at the end of a syllable, it's completely silent, acting like a **Stop Sign**.



Try reading these words aloud and underline the **Silent Sh'va**:

תִּלְבַּשׁ 3

you will be dressed

לָנֶשֶׂת 2

you kneaded

מִלֵּאת 1

you circumcised

בִּלְשָׁת 6

you investigated

מִנִּשְׂת 5

you moved/departed

בִּלְת 4

But when it's the first vowel in a syllable, it has to make a little bit of a sound – sort of like a short “i,” as in “little.” When the Sh’va makes this sound, it’s usually represented by an apostrophe (’) in the English-letter version of the word – like in its own name, Sh’va!

sh’va

Read these words aloud & circle the **Sounded Sh’va**:

3	בְּשֵׁמֶשׁ	2	בְּשַׁבָּת	1	לְבַת
	on a helper candle		in/on Shabbat		to a daughter
6	מְשֵׁמֶשׁ	5	תְּלַשׁ	4	לְתַל

The Sh’va also has to make a sound when there are two of them in a row – but 99.9% of the time, **the first one will be a Silent Sh’va, and the second one will be a Sounded Sh’va**. Read the Hebrew below aloud which have both types of Sh’va – break them up into syllables first if that would help you sound them out!

3	בְּלַתַּת	2	לְשַׁבָּת	1	מְלַתַּת
6	לְבַשַּׁת	5	מְשַׁבָּת	4	שְׁלַבַּת

*(You’ll be able to read real words with two Sh’va vowels in a row soon, but you need a few more letters first.)*

# Reading Strategy:

## Prefixes & Prepositions

### PREFIX:

A set of letters attached to the beginning of a word that add to or change its meaning.

Many words have a **prefix**, which is a syllable or two that go before a word and which changes or adds to its meaning. Can you find the prefixes in the English words below?

*The first one has been done for you as an example!*

1 antimatter

2 prewash

3 undo

4 redecorate

5 misguide

6 coworker

In Hebrew, most prefixes are also **prepositions**. See the chart below with two of the most common preposition prefixes you can read so far and what they mean:

### PREPOSITION:

A word usually before a noun that expresses its relation to another, such as *in, on, under, over, with, to, from, etc.*

in/on	בְּ-
to	לְ-

Use the chart to match the English on the left to the Hebrew on the right with the same meaning!

(Note: the word "a" doesn't exist in Hebrew, but is necessary for some of the English phrases to make sense.) *One has been done for you!*

A To Shabbat

B On Shabbat

C To a daughter

D On a detective

E To a detective

F To a parable

G In a parable

לְבַת 1

לְבַלְשׁ 2

בְּבַלְשׁ 3

בְּמַשְׁל 4

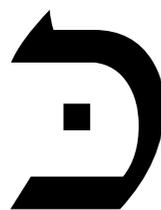
לְמַשְׁל 5

בְּשַׁבָּת 6

לְשַׁבָּת 7



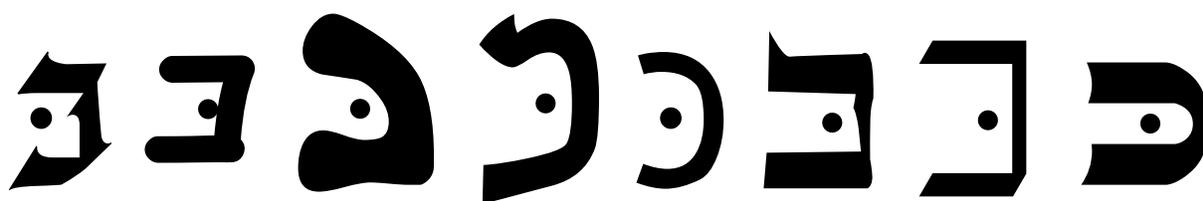
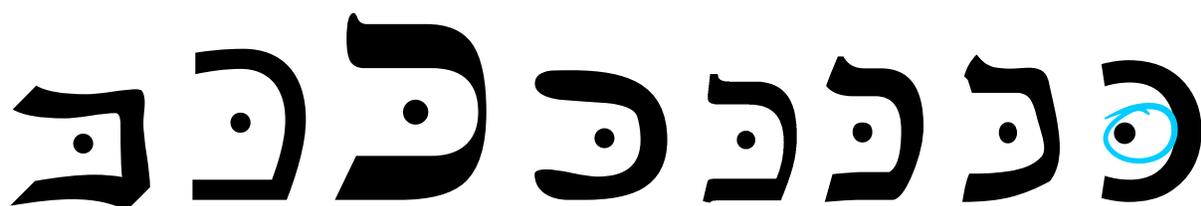
Meet your next letter, the **Kaf**!



**Kaf** makes the same sound as the English letters

**C** or **K**

Here's the Kaf in a bunch of different fonts and handwritings – as you can see, they all have that “**C**ough drop” and look a little like a backwards “C” even if other parts of the letter are slightly different!



Circle the **C**ough drop in the mouth of each **K**af!

*The first one has been done for you!*

Now you can read another very common **prefix**:

כְּ = “like” (or “as”)

**PREFIX:**

Syllable(s) attached to the beginning of a word that add to or change its meaning.

So if you had a very peaceful day that felt “like Shabbat,” you would say it felt

כְּשַׁבָּת!

Read the Hebrew phrases below out loud and match them to the English that means the same thing!

(Note: the word “a” doesn’t exist in Hebrew but is necessary for some of the English phrases to make sense.)

A Like a daughter

B Like a helper candle

C Like Shabbat

D Like a parable

E Like a detective

כְּשַׁבָּת 1

כְּבֵּת 2

כְּמַנְשֵׁל 3

כְּבִּלְשֵׁ 4

כְּשִׁמְשֵׁ 5

# Read Aloud!

Read the Hebrew below. Lines separate the syllables for you on the top – see if you can figure out the syllables on your own on the bottom!  
(You can also hear these words on the StudyHub on [www.JLearnHub.com](http://www.JLearnHub.com)!)

ת  
:  
Silent  
Sh'va

ת  
:  
Sounded  
Sh'va

כַּבֵּית

like the daughter

כַּת 1

sect/faction

כָּאֵשׁל

tripped/stumbled

כָּלֵל 2

included

כָּלֵל

general/usual

כָּמֵשׁ 3

withered/dried out

כַּשְׁבַּת

like Shabbat

מַכָּת 4

injury/pain

כָּלֵל

included

כַּת

sect/faction

כַּבֵּית 5

like the daughter

כָּמֵשׁ

withered/dried out

מַכָּת

injury/pain

כָּאֵשׁל 6

tripped/stumbled

כַּשְׁבַּת

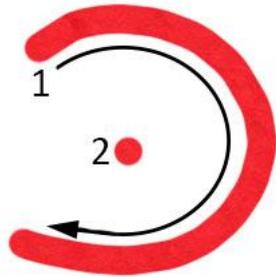
like Shabbat

כָּלֵל 7

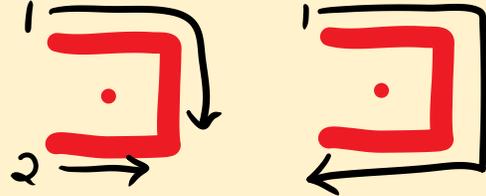
general/usual

# Writing Practice

Make the letter Kaf with a curve and a dot:



Some people also write Kaf like this:

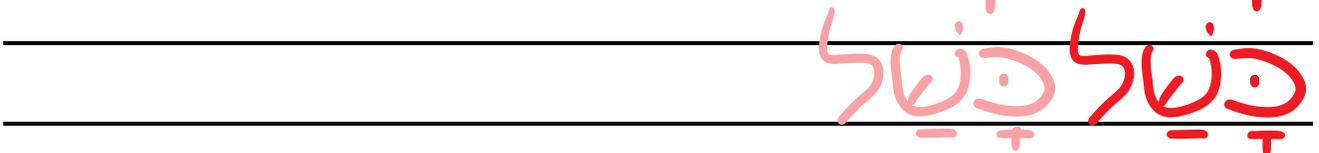
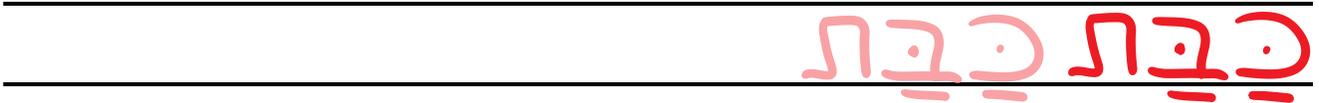


Feel free to use whichever shape is easier for you!

Now you try: trace the letter across the first line, then copy it all the way across the second line on your own!



Copy the words at least **3 times** each:



# Lookalike Letters

In the grid of Hebrew letters below,  
put a circle around every Kaf and a square around every Bet!

Each row is in a different font – reviewing the Silly Hebrew  
Tricks may help you recognize them all!



# Reverse It

Write out Hebrew that sounds the same as the English on the left. The first one has been done for you as an example!

K'BAT	<u>כבת</u>	1
BAKASH	_____	2
MAKAT	_____	3
B'KAL	_____	4
L'MATA	_____	5
BAT'KAL	_____	6
SHAKATA	_____	7
KABALAT	_____	8
K'MASHAL	_____	9

Vowels	Letters
	

# Match-A-Rhyme

Read the Hebrew on the right out loud, then the Hebrew on the left.  
Match the ones in each group that rhyme!

(For instance, כַּבֵּת could match to תֵּת. *One has been done for you!*)

A	מִלַּל	כַּבֵּת	1	like the daughter
B	כַּתֵּל	מַכֵּת	2	injury/pain
C	מִבַּת	כֶּלֶל	3	general/usual
D	כַּפֵּשׁ	בַּתֵּל	4	
E	בַּכֵּת	לַפֵּשׁ	5	

A	כַּשְׁתָּ	כַּבֵּשׁ	1	
B	שָׁכַל	לַשְׁתָּ	2	you kneaded
C	לַבַּת	מַכֵּת	3	
D	בַּכֵּת	כַּבֵּת	4	like a daughter
E	לַבֵּשׁ	בַּכֵּל	5	

to a daughter

Are you having a LOT of trouble figuring out what rhymes? Then just read the Hebrew out loud for practice and move on to the next letter – only match this page if it's a fun puzzle for you!



Practice reading the Hebrew below aloud:

(You can also hear these words on the StudyHub on [www.JLearnHub.com](http://www.JLearnHub.com)!)

1 הַ הֶ הֵ הַ הֶ הֵ הֶ הֵ

2 הַבִּתּוֹת הַתַּלּוּחַת הַמְּתָה

she sighed

the daughter

Similar to the H in English, when the Hei comes at the end of a word, it doesn't really make any sound:



3 מָה תַּשָּׁה לָּמָה פִּלָּה

bride

why

she weakened

what

4 שָׁמָּה מִלְּכָה הֶמָּה פִּתָּה

her sect/faction

he sighed

queen

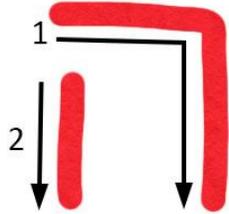
over there

Of course, if that Hei at the end has its own vowel, then it still makes a sound. Try reading the Hebrew below aloud:

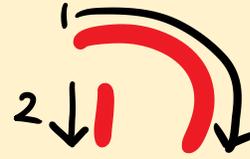


# Writing Practice

Make the letter Hei with a corner and a line – be sure to leave a hole between them!

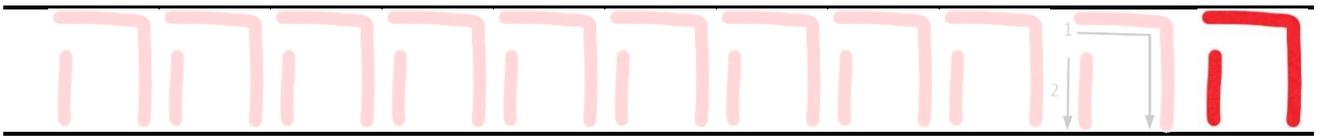


Some people also write Hei like this:



Feel free to use whichever shape is easier for you!

Now you try: trace the letter across the first line, then copy it all the way across the second line on your own!



Copy the words at least **3 times** each:

הַבַּת הַבַּת the daughter

כַּלָּה כַּלָּה bride

הִחַה הִחַה he sighed

הַשַּׁבַּת הַשַּׁבַּת the Shabbat



Now you can read two new Hebrew words  
and a new prefix:

Bride	פֶּלָה
Queen	מִלְכָּה
The (prefix)	הַ- / ה־



Use the chart and the vocabulary you already learned to match  
the Hebrew on the right to the English that matches on the left!

*One has been done for you!*

- |                     |             |    |
|---------------------|-------------|----|
| A The daughter      | בַּת        | 1  |
| B A daughter        | הַבַּת      | 2  |
| C A Shabbat         | שִׁמְש      | 3  |
| D The Shabbat       | הַשִּׁמְש   | 4  |
| E A bride           | שִׁבַּת     | 5  |
| F The bride         | הַשִּׁבַּת  | 6  |
| G A detective       | פֶּלָה      | 7  |
| H The detective     | הַפֶּלָה    | 8  |
| I A helper candle   | מִלְכָּה    | 9  |
| J The helper candle | הַמִּלְכָּה | 10 |
| K A queen           | בַּלֵּשׁ    | 11 |
| L The queen         | הַבַּלֵּשׁ  | 12 |

# Preposition Matching

Now that you know the Hebrew word for “queen,” use the prefix chart to match the illustrations to the Hebrew that describes them on the right!

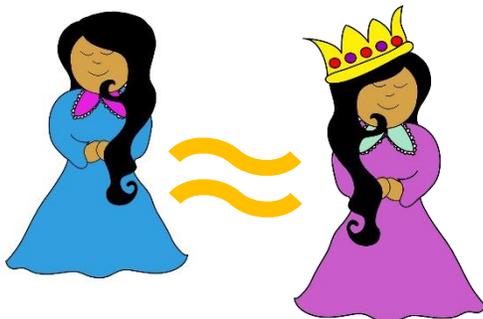
on (or in)	בְּ-
to	לְ-
like	כְּ-



בְּמֶלֶכָה



בְּמֶלֶכָה

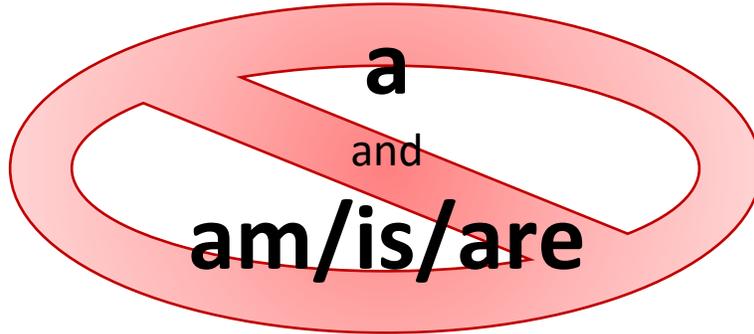


לְמֶלֶכָה

You can also read two question words:

What?	מָה? (ma)
Why?	לָמָה? (lama)

To understand Hebrew questions, you'll need to know that Hebrew leaves out some words which can easily be assumed:



So

"I am Sarah"	would look like	"I Sarah."
"She is tall"	would look like	"She tall."
"They are here"	would look like	"They here."
"A dog is here"	would look like	"Dog here."
"We are a family"	would look like	"We family."

Match each Hebrew question on the right to the English question that matches it on the left!

*One has been done for you!*

- |   |                          |                                     |   |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| A | What is a bride?         | מָה שְׂמֵשׁ? (ma shamesh?)          | 1 |
| B | What is a helper candle? | מָה מְלָכָה? (ma melacha?)          | 2 |
| C | Why to a queen?          | מָה פֶּלָה? (ma p'לה?)              | 3 |
| D | What is a queen?         | מָה שַׁבָּת? (ma shabbat?)          | 4 |
| E | Why on Shabbat?          | לָמָה לְפֶלָה? (lama le'p'לה?)      | 5 |
| F | What is Shabbat?         | לָמָה בְּשַׁבָּת? (lama b'shabbat?) | 6 |
| G | Why to a bride?          | לָמָה לְמְלָכָה? (lama le'melacha?) | 7 |

# Read Aloud!

Read the Hebrew below. Lines separate the syllables for you on the top  
– see if you can figure out the syllables on your own on the bottom!  
(You can also hear these words on the StudyHub on [www.JLearnHub.com](http://www.JLearnHub.com)!)

הַאִבָּתּוּ מָה 1  
the daughter what

פִּאֲלָה לָמָה 2  
bride why

הַאִשְׁבָּתוּ הַאִפֵּאֲלָה 3  
the Shabbat the bride

הָאִמְלָכָה הָאִהָד 4  
the queen the echo

הַאִבָּתוּ מָה לָמָה 5  
the daughter what why

פִּאֲלָה הַאִפֵּאֲלָה הָאִהָד 6  
bride the bride the echo

הַאִשְׁבָּתוּ הָאִמְלָכָה 7  
the Shabbat the queen

# Hidden Words Bonus

Some Hebrew poems, such as the song L'cha Dodi, refer to Shabbat as a "bride," because it is the day God and the Jewish people love the most. Below is a simple micrography piece that uses the first line of the L'cha Dodi poem to make a heart. Circle the Hebrew word for "bride" every place you can find it in the picture!



How many times did you find "bride" in the micrography?

# Lookalike Letters

In the grid of Hebrew letters below,  
put a circle around every **Hei** and a square around every **Tav!**

Each row is in a different font – reviewing the Silly Hebrew Tricks might help you recognize them all!

ה כ ת ב ת מ ת פ ה ש  
ל ת ה ת ב ה ת ה מ ת  
ת ב ה מ ת פ ה ת ל ה  
מ ה ת ת ל ה ש ת ת פ  
ה ת מ ש ה ת ת פ ה ת  
ת ה ת כ ש ת ת ה מ ת  
ה מ ה ת כ ה ה ת ת ת  
ת ה ל ה ש ת ה כ ת ה

# Speed Read!

Time yourself reading the Hebrew below out loud at least twice.

What's the best time you can get?

(You can also hear these words on the StudyHub on [www.JLearnHub.com](http://www.JLearnHub.com)!)

לָמָּה

why

כַּלָּה

bride

מָה

what

1

מַלְכָּה

queen

בַּמָּה

stage

הַבִּת

the daughter

2

הָהָד

the echo

הַשַּׁבָּת

the Shabbat

כַּמָּה

how much/many

3

לְבַתָּה

to a scrubland (type of desert)

הַהָלָה

the Shabbat

מִתַּת

how much/many

4

הַמַּלְכָּה

the queen

הַכַּלָּה

the bride

שָׁמָּה

over there

5

הַשֵּׁמֶשׁ

the helper candle

הַמִּשְׁלַל

the parable

מִשָּׁה

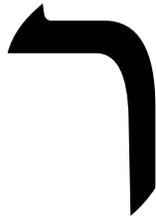
drew (water)

6

Time Log:

1		2		3		4	
---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--

Meet your next letter, the **Reish**!



**Reish** makes the same sound as the English letter

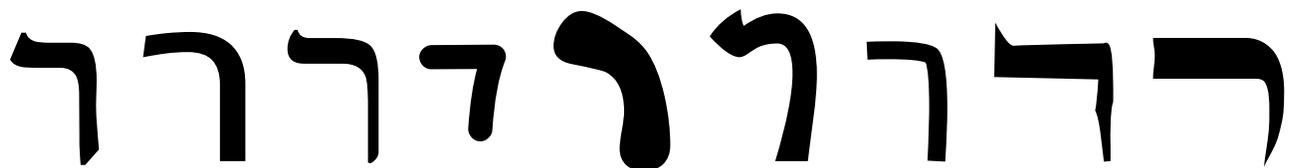
**R**

Silly Hebrew Trick



**Reish** has a  
**Rounded**  
**Right-angle** corner

Here's the Reish in several different fonts and handwritings – as you can see, they're all a **Right-angle**, and in most fonts with a **Round** corner, even if other parts of the letter are slightly different!



Circle the **Right-angle** corner in each **Reish**!

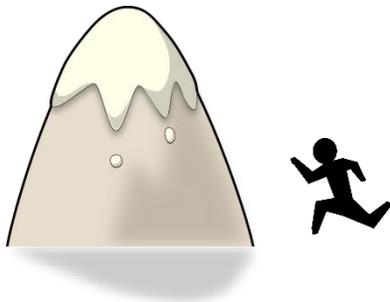
*The first one has been done for you!*



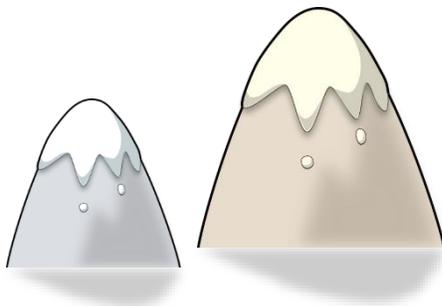
# Preposition Matching

Now that you know the Hebrew word for “mountain,” use the prefix chart to match the illustrations on the left to the Hebrew that describes them on the right!

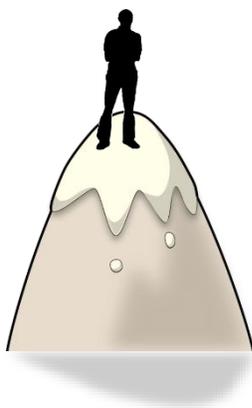
on (or in)	בְּ-
to	לְ-
like	כְּ-



בְּהַר



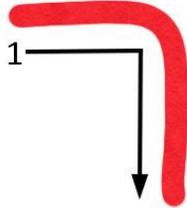
לְהַר



כְּהַר

# Writing Practice

Make the letter Reish with a rounded right-angle penstroke:

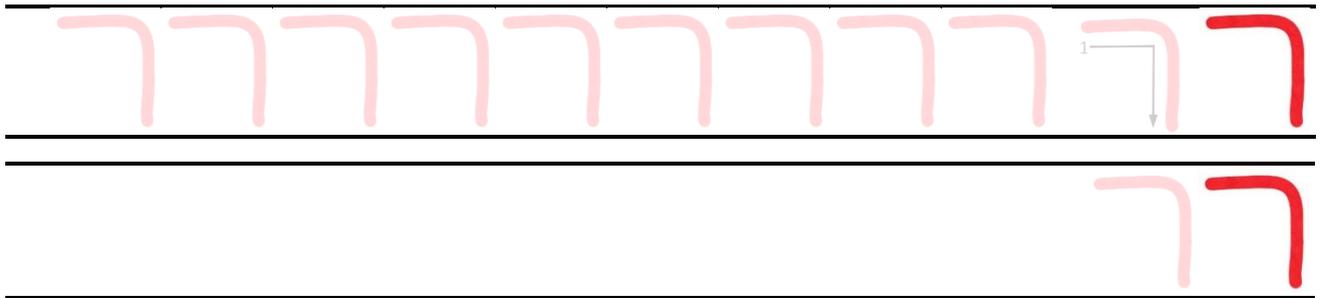


Some people also write Reish like this:



Feel free to use whichever shape is easiest for you!

Now you try: trace the letter across the first line, then copy it all the way across the second line on your own!



Copy the words at least **3 times** each:



# Read Aloud!

Read the Hebrew below. Lines separate the syllables for you on the top  
– see if you can figure out the syllables on your own on the bottom!  
(You can also hear these words on the StudyHub on [www.JLearnHub.com](http://www.JLearnHub.com)!)

תְּ

Silent  
Sh'va

תְּ

Sounded  
Sh'va

רֶאֱמָה

level

הַר

mountain

1

הַרְהוּר

the mountain

רַבָּה

very much *or* rabbi (female)

2

הַרְאֵמָה

the level

בְּהַר

on a mountain

3

רַבָּה בְּרַבָּה

(woman's name)

רַמְתָּה

her level

4

הַרְהוּר

the mountain

הַר

mountain

רֶאֱמָה

level

5

רַמְתָּה

her level

בְּהַר

on a mountain

רַבָּה

very much *or* rabbi (female)

6

הַרְאֵמָה

the level

בְּרַבָּה

(woman's name)

7

# One-Off Matching

Read the Hebrew on the right out loud, then the Hebrew on the left. Match the ones in each group that **sound exactly the same** but have one spelling difference. **BONUS:** Circle the thing that's different!

(For instance, **רַבָּת** would match to **רַבָּה** and the vowel would be circled. *One's been done for you as an example!*)

A	שִׁמְשׁ	רַבָּה	1	very much <i>or</i> rabbi (female)
B	רַבָּה	הַהַר	2	the mountain
C	מִבֵּית	בְּהַר	3	on a mountain
D	הַהַר	מִמַּת	4	
E	מִמַּת	מִבֵּית	5	

A	מִתַּת	שִׁמְתָּ	1	
B	מִשְׁתָּ	מִשְׁתָּ	2	
C	מִתַּת	מִשְׁתָּ	3	
D	שִׁמְתָּ	מִתַּת	4	gift
E	מִשְׁתָּ	מִתַּת	5	

# Reverse It

Write out Hebrew that sounds the same as the English on the left. The first one has been done for you as an example!

L'BAR

לְבָרַ

1

HARASH

\_\_\_\_\_

2

MARAH

\_\_\_\_\_

3

KALAH

\_\_\_\_\_

4

BALASH

\_\_\_\_\_

5

L'KARAT

\_\_\_\_\_

6

HAHAR

\_\_\_\_\_

7

LAHAK'TA

\_\_\_\_\_

8

MAK'SHAL

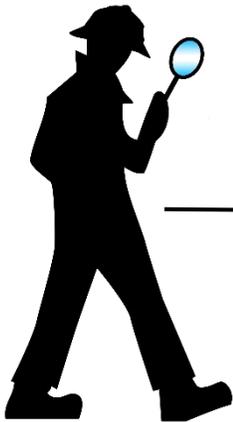
\_\_\_\_\_

9

Vowels	Letters
	

# Vocab Bonus

You've met a few new Hebrew words lately – write the Hebrew word next to the picture of what it means using the Word List at the bottom! (Look back through the packet if you have trouble remembering any of them!)



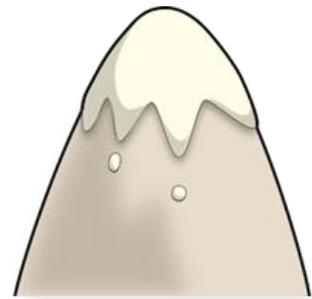
\_\_\_\_\_



\_\_\_\_\_



\_\_\_\_\_



\_\_\_\_\_

## WORD LIST

בִּלְשׁ      מְלָכָה      הַר      פִּלָּה

# Name Recognition

Write each Hebrew letter's English name next to it – you have a Name List at the bottom to help you with spelling!

*One has been done for you as an example!*

מ		ב	Bet
ל		פ	
ש		ה	
ר		ת	

~~Bet~~

Hei

Kaf

Lamed

Mem

Reish

Shin

Tav

**Bonus: Point out the Silly Hebrew**

**Trick for each letter!**

# Packet 2 Reading Review

Time yourself to see how long it takes you to read this whole page. It's okay if you read very slowly the first few times! When your time is as fast as you think you can get it, read this page to a teacher to earn your Packet 2 Award!

כַּלָּה      הַהַר      רַבָּה      1  
 bride      the mountain      very much *or* rabbi (female)

שָׁרַת      פָּנַשׁל      בָּהַר      2  
 you sang      tripped/stumbled      on a mountain

בֵּר      הַרְמָה      מִנְשָׁל      3  
 son      the level      parable

לָמָה      בָּרַתָּה      כַּמָּה      4  
 why      she dined      how many/much

מִפַּת      הַהַרָה      הַבַּת      5  
 injury/pain      mountainward (to the mountain)      the daughter

פָּלַל      מִלְכָּה      בַּפֶּנֶשׁ      6  
 usual/general      queen      detective

Time Log:

1		2		3		4	
---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--

מַזָּל טוֹב! Mazal Tov!



*This award certifies that*



\_\_\_\_\_ *has completed Packet 2*

*in the Hebrew Step-By-Step program,*

*now knows eight letters:*

בֵּהֶפְלִמְרֵשֶׁת

*Three vowels:*



*...and is ready to learn more in Packet 3!*

Teacher Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Student Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

